1	2	3	4
4.	ग्रेड III (3000—4500 रु०) (एस०टी०एस०)	143	245
5.	ग्रेड IV (2200—4000 रु०) (जे०टी०एस०)	260**	94
		529	530

** इनमें प्रतिनियुक्ति, अवकाश और प्रशिक्षण रिजर्व के 73 पद शामिल नहीं है।

कृतिक बल ने भारतीय सांख्यिकीय सेवा में सांख्यिकी/इलैक्ट्रोनिक संपर्क विधायन कार्य करने वाले कुछ पदों का संवर्गीकरण करने का सुझाव दिया है।

जहां तक संवर्ग समीक्षा का सम्बन्ध है, संवर्ग समीक्षा का कार्य प्रशासनिक व्यय को कम करने के लिए पदों को कम करने हेतु प्रयासों के सन्दर्भ में निर्देशों को ध्यान में रखते हुए कुछ समय के लिए रोक दिया गया है। इन *परिस्थितियों में यह संकेत देना सम्भव नहीं है कि कब* तक सपग्र संवर्ग समीक्षा का कार्य पूरा कर लिया जाएगा।

(2) भारतीय सांख्यिकीय सेवा की ग्रेडवार संवर्ग संख्या ऊपर दी गई है। मंत्रालयवार रिक्तियों की स्थिति संलग्न विवरण में दी गयी है (नीचे देखिए) इनमें से कुछ पद तदर्थ आधार पर भरे गये हैं। इन रिक्तियों को नियमित आधार पर भरने के लिए कार्यवाही की जा रही है।

विवरण

मंत्रालयवार रिक्तियां

क्रम सं०	मंत्रालय/विभाग	रिक्तियां
1	2	3
1.	शहरी विकास मंत्रालय	1
2.	कृषि एवं सहकारिता मंत्रालय	14
3.	ग्रामीण विकास मंत्रालय	1
4.	पर्यावरण, वन एवं वन्य जीवन मंत्रालय	4
5.	इस्पात और खान मंत्रालय	5
6.	ऊर्जा मंत्रालय	1
7.	वित्त मंत्रालय	6
8.	मानव संसाधन विकास मंत्रालय	2
9.	जल संसाधन मंत्रालय	15
10.	भूतल परिवहन मंत्रालय	1
11.	संचार मंत्रालय	1
12.	वाणिज्य मंत्रालय	10
13.	उद्योग मंत्रालय	5
14.	स्वास्थ्य एवं परिवार कल्याण मंत्रालय	15
15.	श्रम मंत्रालय	9
16.	प्रतिरक्षा मंत्रालय	5
17.	योजना मंत्रालय	101
18.	गृह मंत्रालय	9
19.	उर्वरक विभाग	1

Targets for installing Pumpsets in A.P.

2786. DR. YELAMANCHILI SIVAJI: ; Will the Minister of PLANNING AND PROGRAMME IMPLEMENTATION be pleased to state:

(a) what is the target fixed for Andhra Pradesh for installing pumpsets in the State, during the current year; and

(b) what is the total cost involved therein and the resources sought to be mobilised?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF PLANNING AND PROGRAMME IMPLEMENTATION AND MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF NON-CONVENTIONAL ENERGY SOURCES (SHRI SUKH RAM): (a) and (b) Information is being collected and will be laid on the Table of the House.

Increase in Employment Opportunities

2787. SHRI SURESH PACHOURI: Will the Minister of PLANNING AND PROGRAMME IMPLEMENTATION be pleased to state:

(a) what has been the gap between the addition to the labour force and increase in employment opportunities at the end of the Sixth and Seventh Five Year Plan; and

(b) the backlog of unemployment at

the begining of the Eighth Year Plan; and

(c) the strategy proposed during the Eighth Five Year Plan to improve employment opportunities?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF PLANNING AND PROGRAMME IMPLEMENTATION AND MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF NON-CONVENTIONAL ENERGY SOURCES (SHRI SUKH RAM (SHRI SUKH RAM): (a) Between the end of the Sixth Five Year Plan and the end of the Seventh Five Year Plan weekly status labour force and employment arc estimated to have increased by 29 million and 25 million respectively, leaving a gap of 4 million and thereby raising the backlog of unemployment from about 9 million at the beginning of the Seventh Plan to about 13 million at the end of the Seventh Plan.

(b) Backlog of unemployment at the begining of the Eighth Five Year Plan is estimated to be around 17 million, by weekly status.

(c) The strategy proposed during the Eighth Five Year Plan includes a high rate of economic growth, combined with faster growth of sectors, sub-sectors and areas which have relatively high employment potential for enhancing the pace of employment generation, geographically and crop-wise diversified agricultural development, wasteland development and forestry development of rural non-farm sector and rural infrastructure, faster growth of small and decentralised manufacturing and large scale programmes of construction of infrastructure and residential accommodation.

(c) The strategy proposed during the Eighth Five Year Plan includes a high rate of economic growth, combined with faster growth of sectors, sub-sectors and areas which have relatively high employment potential for enhancing the pace of employment generation, geographically and crop-wise diversified agricultural development. Wasteland development and forestry, development of rural non-farm sector and rural infrastructure faster growth of small and decentralised manufacturing and large scale programmes of construction of infrastructure and residential accommodation.

National Income generated from the state sector

2788. DR. SHRIKANT RAM-CHANDRA JICHKAR:
SHRI MOOLCHAND MEENA:

Will the Minister of PLANNING AND PROGRAMME " IMPLEMENTATION be pleased to state:

(a) what is the amount and percentage of national income generated from the state sector during the last three years; and

(b) what is the classification of such state sector's national income according to economic activities like administration, commerce, trading, banking, insurance and education?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF PLANNING AND PROGRAMME IMPLEMENTATION AND MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF NON-CONVENTIONAL ENERGY SOURCES (SHRI SUKH RAM): (a) State sector comprises (i) administrative departments, (ii) departmental enterprises and (iii) non-departmental enterprises of central and state governments and the local authorities. The amount of percentage share of state sector in the Gross Domestic Product (GDP) of the economy at factor cost at current prices for the years 1988-89, 1989-90 and 1990-91 the latest three years for which the estimates arc available, are given below.